

World Wetlands Day

View from Loktak Wetland Complex

**Ngamee Lup
with
Indigenous Perspectives and Environment Support Group**

Fisher unions and farming communities of Manipur, India, commemorated the 2021 World Wetlands Day (2nd February) at Tonoma Chingjin, Mamang Ching, Pumlen Pat - a wetland devastated by the Ithai Barrage of the Loktak Hydroelectric Project.



Fisher unions and farming communities of Manipur, India, commemorated the 2021 World Wetlands Day (2nd February, 2021) at Tonoma Chingjin, Mamang Ching, Pumlen Pat - a wetland devastated by the Ithai Barrage of the Loktak Hydroelectric Project. The event was organised by [Ngamee Lup](#), a federation of fisher unions and other associations of Loktak and surrounding wetland areas including Pumlen and Khoidum Lamjao. The event was organised

in coordination with Indigenous Perspectives (Imphal) and Environment Support Group (Bangalore) and hosted by Pumlenpat Ngamee Sinmee Lup.

Loktak Lake: A Background

Loktak, Pumlen, Ikop, Kharung, Khoidum Lamjao, Waithou, Ngakrapat, Biraharipat, Ungamelpat are distinct yet interrelated wetlands formed by meandering flows of the Manipur river system and spread over 500 sq kms, a region popularly referred to as the Loktak Wetland Complex (LWC) south of Imphal, the capital of the far north eastern Indian state of Manipur. These wetlands are nourished by abundant water and nutrient flows captured by the surrounding blue mountains, thus creating this astonishing and awe-inspiring wetland complex.

Meitei fishing communities have worked here over centuries to evolve a lifestyle that helps harvest fish and wetland based crops and vegetables which forms the backbone of food security of the wider Manipur area. In addition, their carbon neutral living, involving dugout canoes and phumshangs – huts of bamboo and thatch built on floating biomass – phumdi, constitute a distinctive feature of Manipur's living heritage, and of the world as well.

There is no other place in the world where fisherfolk live in floating villages as in the Loktak region. UN Habitat has recognised this way of living as a model of sustainability for the world and Loktak Lake is a Ramsar site. The Meitei communities have protected this wetland over centuries as a biodiversity rich area. The critically endangered brow antlered deer (Sangai) is endemic to this region. Besides, the massive wetland is a critical habitat to migratory waterfowl from Europe and Central Asia who come here via the Central Asian Flyway and the Eurasian-Australian Flyway during mid-winter.

Hundreds of thousands of families live in this highly productive wetland complex respectful of nature's ways and the limits she imposes. Instead of validating such ecologically wise ways of living – interwoven as it is with deep respect for environmental and biodiversity conservation, Governments of Manipur and India are now set on promoting projects that will irreversibly destroy this biodiversity rich wetland complex and unique cultures and livelihoods associated with it. They involve massive investments in the form of "Ecotourism project at Loktak Lake – 2020" and the "Loktak Inland Waterways Improvement Project – 2019". Wetlands International through its South Asia division has supported such ecologically and socially destructive mass tourism and infrastructure projects.

We invite you to join this campaign to save Loktak Wetland Region for posterity by signing the Statement initiated by Ngaamee Lup, Indigenous Perspectives and Environment Support Group.

Campaign details: <https://esgindia.org/new/campaigns/lakes/global-campaign-to-protect-for-posterity-the-unique-loktak-wetland-region-in-manipur-india/>

Change.org Petition:

[Support Manipur's Loktak Lake region's people to save their amazing wetlands for posterity](#)

The focus of the Pumlen Pat event was to demand [Wetlands International South Asia](#) and [Loktak Development Authority](#) must unconditionally withdraw [Loktak: An Integrated Plan for Wise Use \(2020-2025\)](#) and that the Government of Manipur must repeal the draconian

Manipur Loktak Lake (Protection) Act, 2006. The federation also demanded cancellation of Loktak Inland Waterways Project and the Loktak Eco-tourism project as they would devastate the wetland complex. The occasion was also an event asserting the indigenous and natural right of present and future generations' to access these wetland commons without repressive action of the Government of Manipur and Loktak Development Authority (LDA), as has been the case periodically.

The event witnessed active participation of people living in and around Loktak, Pumlun and Khoidum Lamjao and also representatives of fish workers living on Champu Khangpok, the floating village of Loktak. Members from Human Rights Alert (HRA) and Extrajudicial Execution Family Association Manipur (EEVFAM), Imphal-based organisations working for the protection of civil and political rights of the people of Manipur, the Lawyers Collective from Imphal and Manipur Loumee Marup (affiliates of All India Kisan Sabha) participated to extend solidarity with the local peoples' just struggles. Representatives from Girl Up Manipur and Fridays For Future (Manipur Chapter) were also present.

The event was opened with a keynote address from Salam Joy, Secretary of Pumlun Pat Ngamee Sinmee Lup. As a representative of a community practicing both farming and fishing in the area for their survival, he highlighted how their land was destroyed by the Ithai Barrage in the 1980s. For his community the result of commissioning the Ithai Barrage across the Manipur River has been equivalent to pushing them into conditions of forced poverty. For 40 long years the community has been eking out a living by nurturing small fishing zones, and that too without any support from the government. Now the land on which they farm and fish is also on the verge of being taken over for various infrastructure and mass tourism projects. He asserted that the wetland is their ancestral territory, and the entire community is resolved to resist the takeover of these biodiversity rich commons by corporations backed by the government.

Oinam Rajen, who is an union worker and resident of Champu Khangpok Floating village, stated categorically the need of the hour is to fight back against all such projects that will destroy the wetland along with the natural ancestral rights to the wetland system. Nimai Keisham, President of Khoidum Lamjao Ngamee Sinmee Lup, recalled how life was before the Ithai barrage. Nimai said it is high time the fishers and the farmers get together before the government takes over their land and livelihood. Ratan Yumnam, the Secretary of Manipur Loumee Marup (Manipur Farmers Union), drew attention to the strong linkage between the ongoing farmers' protest across the country and the struggle of the Loktak people. He said it is time the farmers and the fisherfolks of Loktak and the surrounding wetlands come together with those who are leading the movement against the repressive pro-capitalist system. He emphasised on the importance of collectively fighting against undemocratic and oppressive projects that would certainly result in destruction of wetlands and displacement of fishing and farming communities in Manipur.

Bablu Loitongbam, Director of Human Rights Alert, said the government policy and programs are antithetical to conservation and livelihood of the people of the Loktak and the

other wetlands. He told the members in the audience that right to life and livelihood are enshrined in the Constitution of India and the Government of Manipur cannot bypass any of the laws that seek to protect them. He also said that human rights groups in Manipur and also those across the world must help in the defense of the people of the wetlands and their livelihoods. Advocate Ningthoukhongjam Subash, a member of Human Rights Alert, said the law of the lake is terribly wrong and works against the interest of the people of the lake and therefore it must be challenged. Oinam Mohen, secretary of Loktak Fishermen's Association, Ningthoukhong, reiterated the need for all fishing villages to come together to fight against Manipur Government's proposals of so-called development and 'wise use' of Loktak wetland complex. Ram Wangkheirakpam, Convener of Ngamee Lup, read out a Global Petition that asserts rights of local indigenous communities to continue to live in the Loktak region without being disturbed by destructive projects and draconian laws and State action. The petition calls on the international community to support the struggle of the fishing community of Loktak Wetlands region, and includes Wetlands International to withdraw its so-called 'wise use' plan. The event closed with release of campaign posters by Ms. Lanchenbi, Panchayat member of Khoidum Lamjao, in both English and Manipur, a symbolic gesture to mark observance of the World Wetlands Day at Pumlun Pat and of resisting projects that attack human rights and destroy nature. [From a Press Release]

For more information, please connect with:

Ngamee Lup

Email: ngameelup@gmail.com Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/ngamee.lup/>

Indigenous Perspectives

Address: Chingmeirong Maning Leikai, Assembly Road, Imphal East - 795001, Manipur.

Phone No.: 3857960009/7085593415

Email: inperspectives@gmail.com

Environment Support Group

(Environmental, Social Justice and Governance Initiatives)

Address: 1572, 36th Cross, 100 Feet Ring Road, Banashankari II Stage, Bangalore 560070

Tel: +91 80 26713560

Voice/fax: +91 80 26713316

Email: esg@esgindia.org

Web: www.esgindia.org (For updates on the campaign, visit: [Global Campaign To Protect For Posterity The Unique Loktak Wetland Region In Manipur, India](#))

Facebook: www.facebook.com/esgindia Twitter: @esgindia1